Improving Communication - ESTP

ESTP Overview

Order of Preferences	Type Dynamics
 1st Sensing: Dominant 2nd Thinking: Auxiliary 3rd Feeling: Tertiary 4th Intuition: Inferior 	 Extraverted Sensing: Outwardly acting on the immediate facts and details Introverted Thinking: Inwardly logically interpreting data based on their experience Feeling: As you mature, consider personal consequences of actions Introverted Intuition: Development challenge is long-term planning

ESTP Brief Description:

- Leads by finding the most efficient way to work together
- Influences by establishing logical processes and pursuing them with zeal
- Focus is on taking care of problems as they arrive

ESTP Characteristics Frequently Associated:

- Flexible and tolerant, take a pragmatic approach focus on immediate results
- Act energetically to solve problems; theories and conceptual explanations bore them
- Focus on the here-and-now, learns best through doing, and is spontaneous

Communication Styles:

<u>Adapting/Flexing</u>: Things to keep in mind when communicating to others.

<u>Sharing Your Preferences</u>: As you build relationships, share your preferences so others can meet your needs.

When presenting to, influencing, explaining to, or trying to understand:		
SENSING TYPES	INTUITIVE TYPES	
❖ Be factual	Give the global scheme	
Document successful applications	Don't let opportunities pass	
Reduce risk factors	Be confident and enthusiastic	
Work out details in advance	Indicate challenges	
Show why solutions make sense	Point out future benefits	
THINKING TYPES FEELING TYPES		
❖ Be logical	Mention other supporters	
State principles involved	Be personable and friendly	
Stress competent handling of the issues	Indicate how solutions are helpful	
❖ Be well organized	❖ Tell why it's valuable	
List costs and benefits	Show how it supports personal goals	

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Communication Tips for ESTPs:

- You are very practical, and task focused. Balance this approach with consideration of the needs and situations of the people involved.
 - \rightarrow TIP: Strive to understand personal situations rather than analyze them in a logical or impersonal way.
- Remember that many people seek harmony and personal relationships when working together.
 - → **TIP:** Develop patience for the sharing of personal information by others. Avoid coming across as blunt, detached, or impersonal.
- You may lose interest and not follow through on a commitment or task.
 - → TIP: Plan ahead to complete tasks and keep people updated as needed so you are viewed as dependable.
- Show that you appreciate others by offering positive feedback and encouragement.
 - → TIP: Check how others are feeling when giving corrective feedback. Balance corrective feedback with positive feedback, particularly when communicating with people who prefer Feeling.
- Others may see your maverick actions as a challenge to authority or disrespect for rules.
 - → TIP: Slow down and show or tell others how and why your plan will work.
- Not everyone is aware or thinks about asking others their preferences.
 - → TIP: Help people understand what's important to you and set the example by asking others what their preferences are in relation to working together. Share yours as appropriate.